Alcohol affects the frontal lobe which is responsible for decision making, self-control, thinking, and emotions. The human brain does not fully develop until a person's MID-20s.

Alcohol slows down the central nervous system which controls the body's movement.

Alcohol affects the cerebellum which controls coordination.

Alcohol affects the medulla, which controls the body's temperature, causing the body's temperature to fall below a safe level.

Alcohol can have long lasting effects on the brain and affect brain structure.

The brains of adults and teens process alcohol differently.